

# Sets Need to Know

## Sets 1

### Notation

A set is defined as a collection of well defined objects and must be contained inside brackets  $\{ \}$ .

**Note** Sets are named using capital letters.

$\in$  is element – part of a set.

$\notin$  is not an element.

$\cup$  is union – everything in two or more sets.

$\cap$  is intersection – common to both sets.

$\subset$  is subset – a set within a set.

$\not\subset$  is not a subset.

$\emptyset = \{ \}$  is the null set – a set with nothing in it.

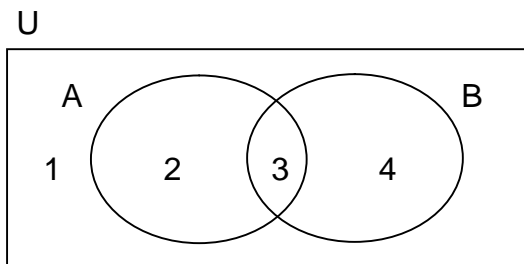
$A'$  is A complement – everything outside the set A.

$A \setminus B$  is A less B – what is in the set A but not including what's in the set B (A only).

$\#A$  is cardinal number of A – the number of elements in the set A.

**Note** Every set has two improper subsets – the null set and the set itself.

## Two Set Problems



In the above venn diagram let 1, 2, 3, 4 stand for the name of each region.

Region 1 =  $(A \cup B)'$  =  $U \setminus (A \cup B)$  – outside both sets or neither set.

Region 2 =  $A \setminus B$  which is A only.

Region 3 =  $A \cap B$  which is common to both sets.

Region 4 =  $B \setminus A$  which is B only.

Regions 2+3 = A

Regions 3+4 = B

Regions 2+3+4 =  $A \cup B$

## Max and Min problems

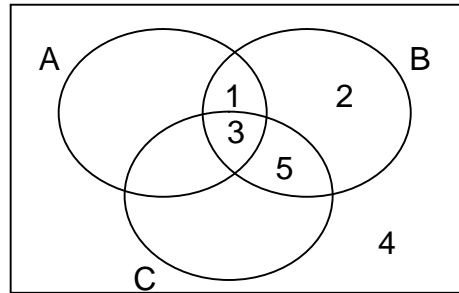
To find the maximum value of  $A \cup B$  put the smallest possible number of elements in the intersection.

To find the minimum value of  $A \cup B$  put the largest possible number of elements in the intersection.

## Sets 2

This class has the harder stuff of three set problems.

### Three sets problems



A Venn diagram with 3 sets has extra regions for us to explain.

Region 1 =  $(A \cap B) \setminus C$  in both A and B but not C.

Region 2 =  $B \setminus (A \cup C)$  in B only.

Region 3 =  $A \cap B \cap C$  in all 3.

Region 4 =  $(A \cup B \cup C)'$  outside all 3 sets.

Regions 1 and 3 =  $A \cap B$

Regions 1, 2, 3 and 5 =  $B$